

EO2463 an off-the-shelf multi-targeted peptide immunotherapy: in vivo CD8 T cell expansion kinetics correlates with efficacy in patients with follicular (FL) and marginal zone (MZL) lymphoma. Study EONHL1-20/SIDNEY (NCT04669171).

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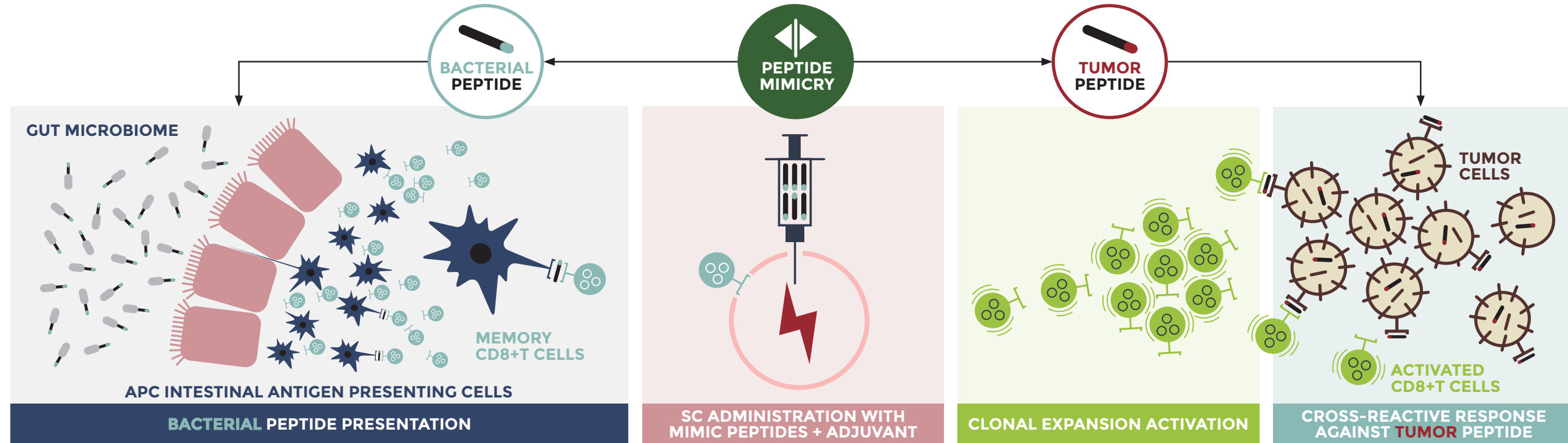
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EO2463 COMPOSITION AND MECHANISM OF ACTION

EO2463 is an off-the-shelf peptide immunotherapy designed to expand in vivo pre-existing memory CD8 T cells recognizing non-self-protein sequences from gut bacteria cross-reacting with B cell antigens. EO2463 includes 4 HLA-A2 synthetically produced 9-mer peptides which exhibit molecular mimicry with protein sequences on the B cell markers CD20, CD22, CD37, and CD268 (BAFF-receptor), as well as the CD4 helper-epitope UCP2 derived from hTERT.

EO2463 mechanism of action



PATIENT TREATMENT SCHEDULES

Study EONHL1-20/SIDNEY is a multi-cohort first-in-human study of EO2463 (SC 300 µg/peptide, except 3 initial patients at half-dose, with adjuvant Montanide ISA 51 VG), including patients who are HLA-A2 (EO2463 peptide specificity) with FL/MZL:

- Cohort 1 (safety lead-in) + Cohort 4 (expansion):** previously treated relapsed/refractory disease; **EO2463 plus lenalidomide**

(oral, 20 mg/day for 21/28 days for 12 cycles) and **rituximab** (IV, 375 mg/m² for 8 doses).

- Cohort 2 (expansion):** previously untreated, low-tumor burden, patients suitable for watchful waiting; **EO2463 monotherapy.**
- Cohort 3 (expansion):** previously untreated, low-tumor burden, patients in need of treatment; **EO2463 plus rituximab** (IV, 375 mg/m² for 8 doses).

		EONHL1-20/SIDNEY: COHORT SCHEDULES																											
		EO2463 PRIMING				EO2463 MAINTENANCE																							
WEEK		1	3	5	7	8	9	10	11	15	19	20	21	22	23	27	31	35	39	43	47	48	51	54					
PET CT		↓ omitted from protocol v3.0										↓														↓ (thereafter q6 months)			
COHORT 1 (N=9) + COHORT 4 (N=14)	EO2463																												
	LENALIDOMIDE	cohort 4 (delayed in cohort 1)																										cohort 1 only	
	RITUXIMAB																												
COHORT 2 (N=25)	EO2463																												
COHORT 3 (N=6)	EO2463																												
	RITUXIMAB																												

PATIENT BASELINE CHARACTERISTICS

Baseline Characteristics	COHORT 2 (N=25) previously untreated, not in need of SOC treatment EO2463 monotherapy	COHORT 3 (N=6) previously untreated, in need of SOC treatment EO2463 + rituximab	COHORT 1 + 4 (N=23) relapsed/refractory disease EO2463 + lenalidomide + rituximab
Age (years); median (range)	58 (20-86)	66 (46-73)	61 (40 - 80)
Gender [n (%)] ; male / female	14 (56%) / 11 (44%)	4 (67%) / 2 (33%)	18 (78%) / 5 (22%)
ECOG Performance status [n (%)] ; 0/1	22 (88%) / 3 (12%)	6 (100%) / 0 (0%)	18 (78%) / 5 (22%)
Primary diagnosis [n (%)] ; FL/MZL	22 (88%) / 3 (12%)	6 (100%) / 0 (0%)	18 (78%) / 5 (22%)
Time since primary diagnosis (months); median (range)	4.5 (1.5-55.6)	12.2 (1.1-83.0)	68.1 (24.9-264.9)
Number of prior systemic treatments; median (range)	NA	NA	1 (1-4)
Ann Arbor stage [n (%)] ; I/II / III+IV	4 (16%) / 21 (84%)	0 (0%) / 6 (100%)	5 (22%) / 18 (78%)
Number of nodal sites; median (range)	3 (1-8)	3 (0-6)	5 (0-16)
FLIPI [n (%)] ; low / intermediate / high risk	9 (36%) / 10 (40%) / 6 (24%)	2 (33%) / 2 (33%) / 2 (33%)	6 (26%) / 9 (39%) / 8 (35%)
FLIPI-2 [n (%)] ; low / intermediate / high risk	12 (50%) / 8 (33%) / 4 (17%) ^	2 (33%) / 4 (67%) / 0 (0%)	7 (30%) / 12 (52%) / 4 (17%)
FLIPI24***; low / intermediate / high risk	14 (58%) / 9 (38%) / 1 (4%) ^	3 (50%) / 3 (50%) / 0 (0%)	NA
GELF [n (%)] ; negative / positive	22 (88%) / 3 (12%)*	6 (100%) / 0 (0%)	15 (65%) / 8 (35%)
POD24** [n (%)] ; no / yes	NA	NA	17 (74%) / 6 (26%)
PFS on 1st line systemic (months); median (range)	NA	NA	30.4 (9.2-150.6)

* one patient missing B2m; ^ 0 nodal sites in two patients with bone lesions and BM involvement.

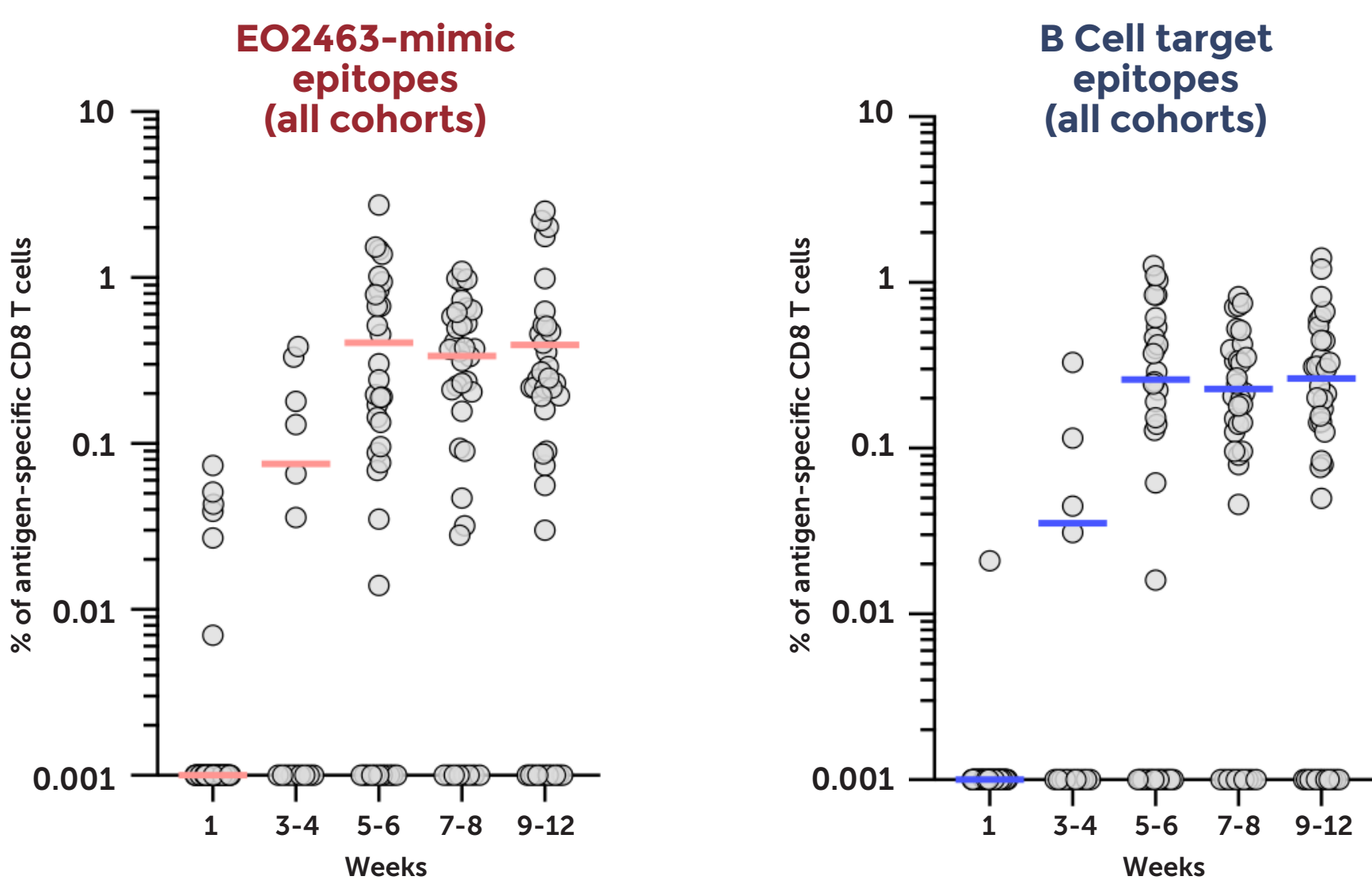
** 5 patients evaluable for tumor response; 1 no on study tumor assessment.

*** POD24 per Blood 2022; 139; 1684; *** FLIPI24 per JCO 2025; 44; 177

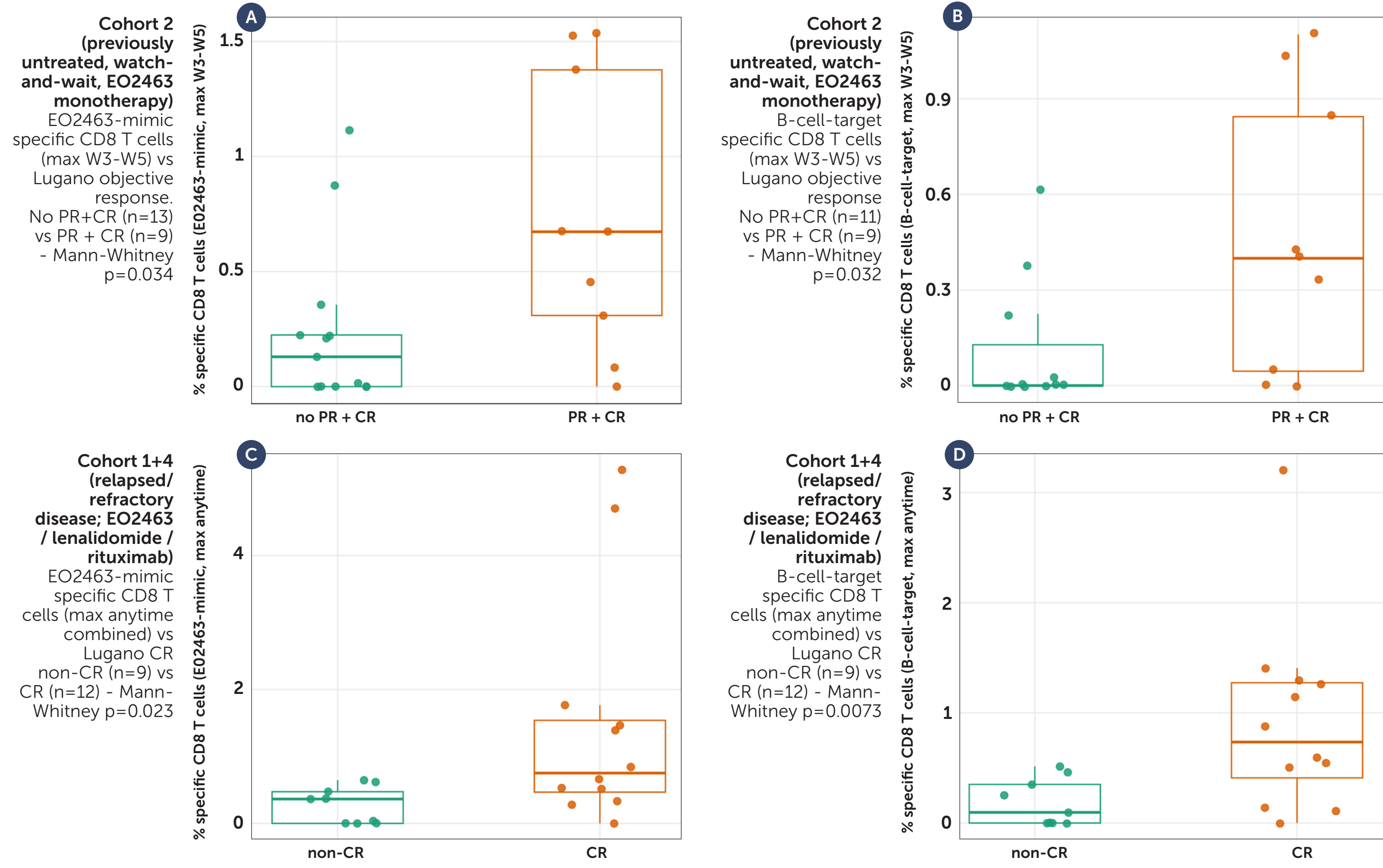
IN VIVO CD8 T CELL EXPANSION KINETICS

Immune responses were rapid with a plateau during the EO2463 priming phase

Immunomonitoring in 48/54 patients; 43 (90%) positive immune response in tetramer or ELISPOT IFN-γ assays against EO2463-mimic or B cell target peptides. Ex vivo tetramer assessments demonstrated rapid induction of responses (week 5-6) in most patients. Relative frequencies (median max % of total CD8 T cells at any time) were 0.52% for EO2463-mimic and 0.35% for B cell target specific CD8 T cells. At response-peak, specific CD8 T cells displayed predominantly an effector memory phenotype suggesting pro-inflammatory features and cytotoxic potential. Durable specific responses detectable up to 34 months after last EO2463-administration. Lack of correlation between common pathogen-derived epitopes (CEFSX) or anti-CD3 stimulation with EO2463-mimic responses supports specificity of EO2463 responses.



EFFICACY & CD8 T CELL EXPANSION CORRELATES



EO2463 clinical efficacy across treatment settings

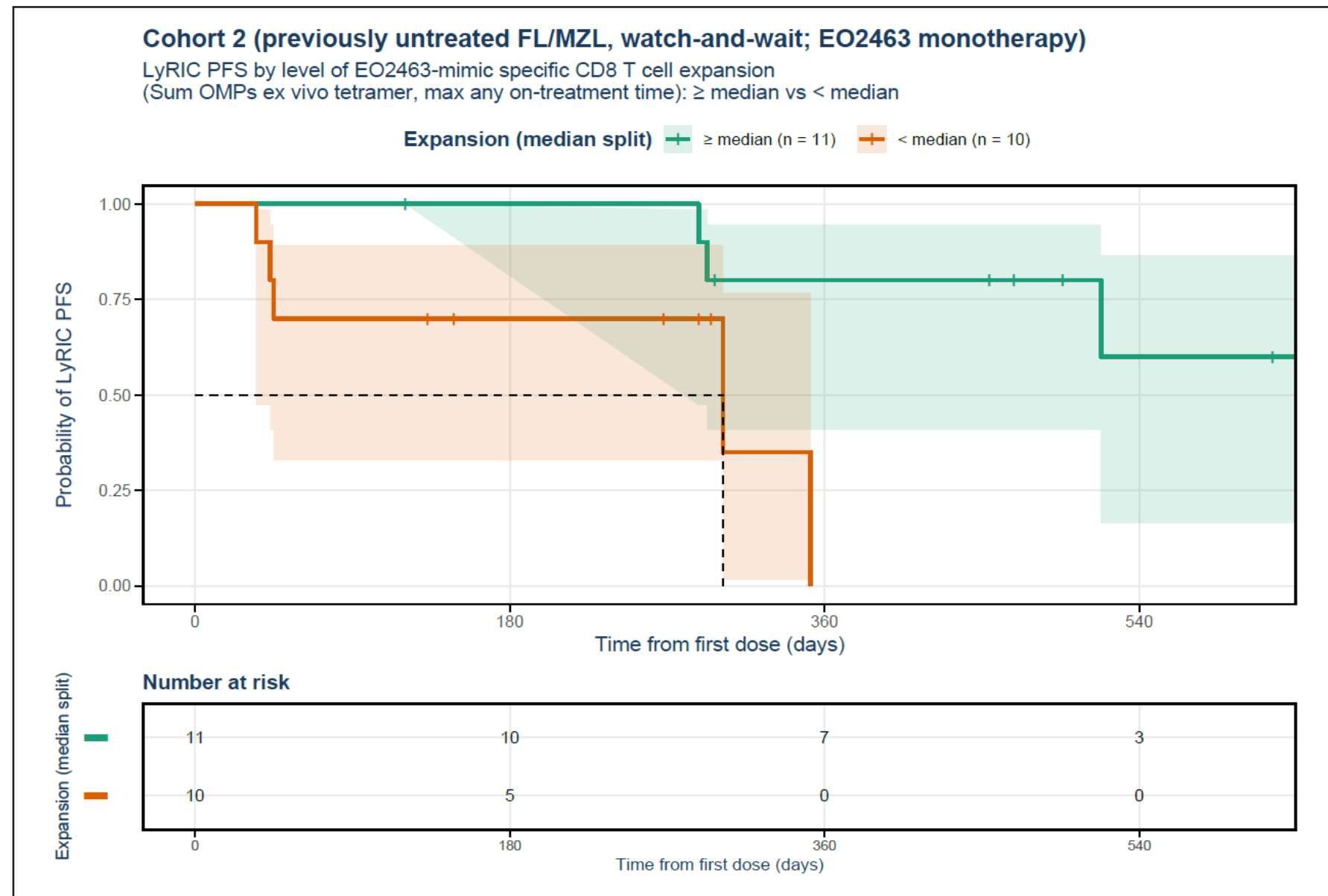
Database 2026-MAY-18	COHORT 2 (N=25) previously untreated, not in need of SOC treatment EO2463 monotherapy	COHORT 3 (N=6) previously untreated, in need of treatment EO2463 + rituximab	COHORT 1 + 4 (N=23) relapsed/refractory disease EO2463 + lenalidomide + rituximab
Lugano criteria* objective (PR+CR) response rate (95% CIs)	36% (18-57)	100% (54-100)	73% (50-89) ^
Lugano criteria* complete response rate (95% CIs)	12% (3-31)	83% (36-100)	64% (41-83) ^
Time to objective response; median (range)	17.1 (5.3-41.1) weeks	17.1 (6.0-18.0) weeks	17.1 (5.0-71.7) weeks
Duration of objective response; median (95% CIs)	NR (8.3-NR) months	NR (16.8-NR) months	35.2 (8.8-NR) month
Median follow-up of progression-free survival	9.7 months	18.5 months	16.8 months
Progression-free survival; median (95% CIs)	17.0 (9.6-NR) months	NR (20.5-NR) months	18.5 (4.0-NR) months

* Lugano criteria (J Clin Oncol 2014; 32, 3059) taking LYRIC criteria (Blood 2016; 128, 2489) into account for possible continuation of treatment to detect pseudoprogression.

^ 22 patients evaluable for tumor response; 1 no on study tumor assessment.

NR = not reached; Clopper-Pearson exact 95% CIs for Lugano response/progression; Brookmeyer-Crowley 95% CIs for DOR

PROGRESSION-FREE SURVIVAL ON EO2463 MONOTHERAPY IN THE “WATCH-AND-WAIT” SETTING IS ASSOCIATED WITH LEVEL OF EXPANSION OF CD8 T CELLS SPECIFIC FOR EO2463-MIMIC PEPTIDES



Level of expansion of CD8 T cells specific for EO2463-mimic peptides (max for an individual patient at any time during treatment; ex vivo tetramer assays) is associated with extended progression-free survival on EO2463 monotherapy.

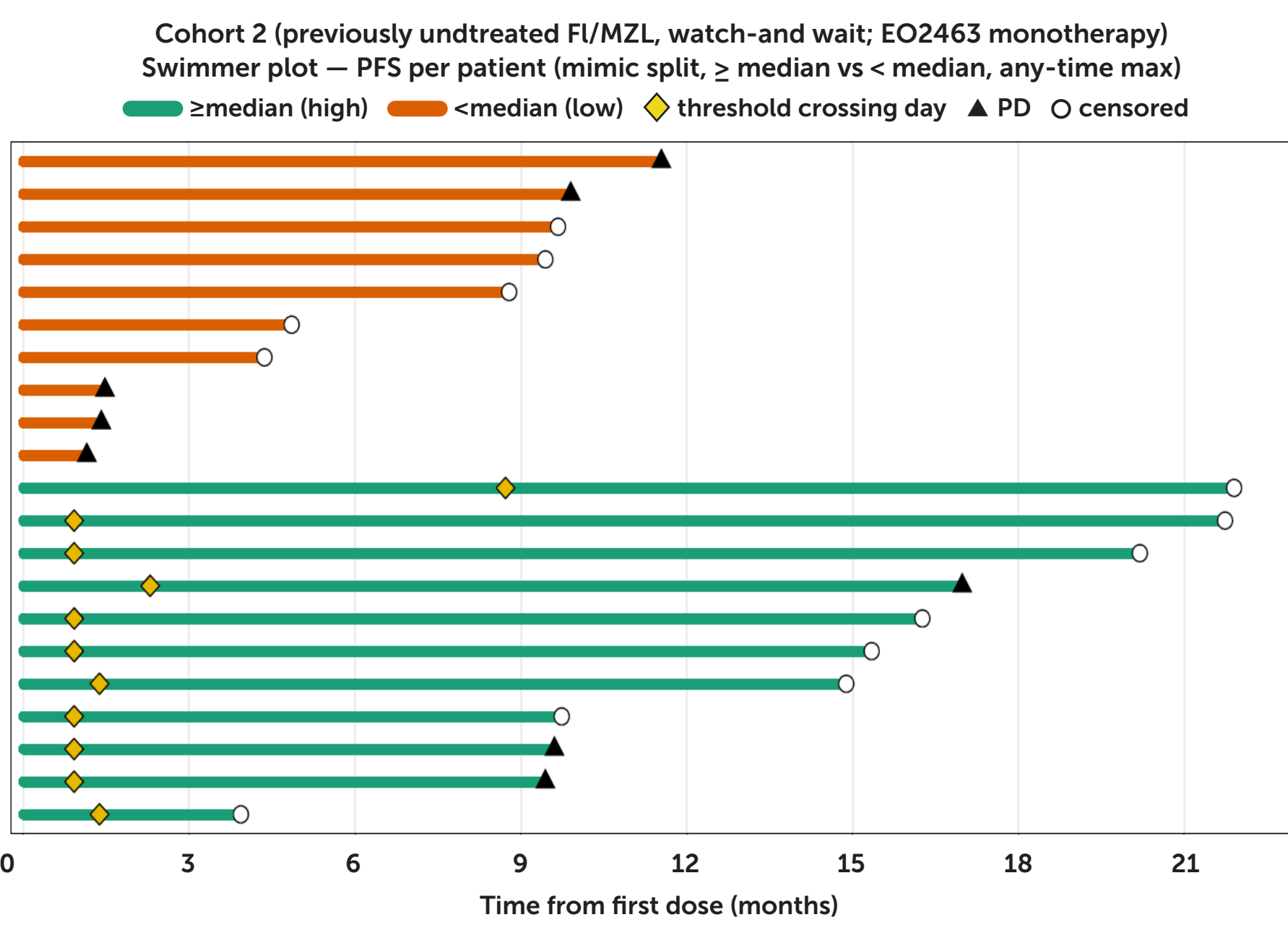
Progression-free survival

- patients with ≥ median level of expansion of CD8 T cells specific for EO2463-mimic peptides vs patients with < median expansion
- HR = 0.18 (95% CI 0.03-0.82)
- Log-rank p = 0.020

Cohorts 2 EO2463 monotherapy	Median follow-up for PFS [months]	Median PFS (95% CIs) [months]
Whole group (n=25)	9.7	17.0 (9.6-NR)
Pts ≥ median expansion of EO2463-mimic specific CD8 T cells (n=11)	16.3	NR (9.4-NR)
Pts < median expansion of EO2463-mimic specific CD8 T cells (n=10)	3.4	9.9 (1.1-NR)
Pts currently without immune testing data (n=4)	Recently started patients, censored for PFS 2x d 1 and 2x d 127-129.	

EONHL1-20/SIDNEY, COHORT 2

- Gold diamonds show the day of crossing median value of EO2463-mimic peptide ex vivo tetramer measured specific CD8 T cell expansion.
- Only one patient in the “≥ median” group passes the median somewhat late (week 39/month 9). Excluding this patient the log-rank stays significant (p = 0.031).
- None of the patients in the “< median group” passes the median during treatment/follow-up).



CONCLUSIONS

- EO2463 monotherapy and the combinations (with R and R²) are well tolerated with EO2463 only adding local administration site reactions to the well-known R/R² safety profiles:
 - EO2463 safety described in Hematological Oncology, 43, e92_70093; Blood 2025, 146 (Supplement 1), 5377; Blood 2025, 146 (Supplement 1), 3594.

- EO2463 rapidly induces extensive multi-targeted in vivo expansions of EO2463-mimic and B cell target peptide specific mainly effector memory CD8 T cells that are long lasting.

- EO2463 shows monotherapy activity.

- Combinations are promising:
 - Data suggest a potentially higher-than-expected CR-rate with EO2463 + R² over R² alone in R/R FL [J Clin Oncol 2019, 37, 1188; Blood 2024, 144 (Supplement 2), LBA-1; Lancet 2026, 407, 161].
 - EO2463 + R in low-tumor burden FL is feasible and has a promising response profile.

- EO2463-induced CD8 T cell expansions with specificity for EO2463-mimic and B cell target peptides are associated with Lugano objective response.

- A high level of expansion of EO2463-mimic peptide specific CD8 T cells is associated with progression-free survival on EO2463 monotherapy.

- EO2463 induced expansions of specific CD8 T cells might be developed into a predictive biomarker.

- EO2463 warrants further study as monotherapy and in combination with other anti-lymphoma therapies.